

LCR Meter

ZM2371
ZM2372
ZM2376

■ Maximum speed: 2 ms ■ Basic accuracy: 0.08%

**LCR meter series that achieves high-speed,
high-precision stable measurements**

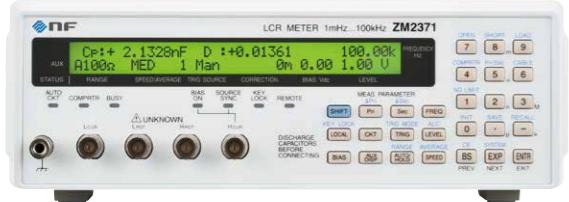


For use in laboratories,
for use on production lines —

LCR meter

1 mHz to 100 kHz

ZM2371



USB RS-232

ZM2372

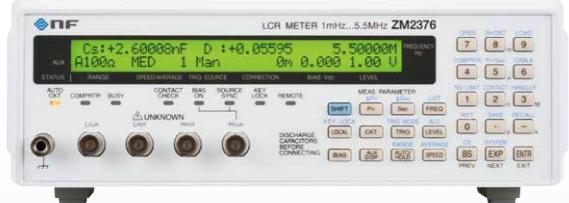


USB GPIB RS-232

Handler interface Contact check function

1 mHz to 5.5 MHz

ZM2376



USB GPIB RS-232 LAN *Option

Handler interface Contact check function

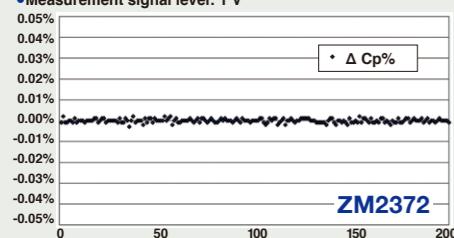
Lineup & Comparison sheet of specifications

Specifications & functions	ZM2371	ZM2372	ZM2376
Measurement parameters	Primary parameters: IZI, IYI, L, C, R, G Secondary parameters: Q, D, θ, X, B, Rs, Rp, G, Lp, Rdc		
Measurement frequency	1mHz to 100kHz		1mHz to 5.5MHz
Basic accuracy	0.08%		
Measurement signal level	10mVrms to 5Vrms, 1μArms to 200mArms		
Internal DC bias	0 to +2.5V		0 to +5V
Measurement time	1kHz 1MHz	Maximum speed: 2ms	Maximum speed: 2ms
Constant voltage and Constant current mode (ALC)	○	○	○
Contact check	—	○ (4 terminals)	○
Low capacitance check	—	—	○
Comparator	○ (9 bins)	○ (14 bins)	○ (14 bins)
Multi-measurement	—	—	○ (32 steps)
Handler interface	—	○	○

Low measurement fluctuation result, excellent accuracy

Measurement of 10 μF capacitor

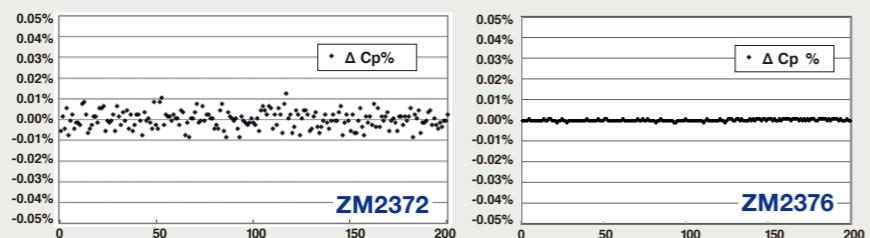
- Measurement time: 10 ms
- Measurement frequency: 120 Hz
- Measurement signal level: 1 V



Result using the ZM2376 and ZM2372 to measure a 1 nF and a 10 μF capacitor 200 times under the following conditions. With the ZM2376, the accuracy of the measurement has been improved further.

Measurement of 1nF capacitor

- Measurement time: 5 ms
- Measurement frequency: 100 kHz
- Measurement signal level: 1 V



Supports a wide range of high-speed, high-precision measurements

Wide measurement frequency range and high-resolution settings

ZM2371 and ZM2372 cover a frequency range of 1 mHz to 100 kHz, while ZM2376 covers frequencies from 1 mHz to 5.5 MHz. The resolution can be set to 5 digits or 6 digits*, making it possible to perform measurements at frequencies actually used for a variety of components, in addition to evaluation of the frequency dependence of the parameters.

*ZM2371, ZM2372: 5 digits, ZM2376: 6 digits

High speed measurement

Measurement speed is selectable from 5 levels: RAP (rapid), FAST, MED, SLOW and VSLO (very slow). When set to RAP, high-speed measurement at 2 ms (1 kHz/1 MHz) or 10 ms (120 Hz) can be performed. This high-speed, high-precision LCR meter will help to improve the measurement efficiency of production lines and automatic inspection equipment.

DC bias voltage

The built-in DC bias power supply of 0 to +2.5 V for ZM2371 and ZM2372, and 0 to +5 V for ZM2376 enables the measurement of polar components such as electrolytic capacitors.



With the ZM2376, high-speed impedance measurements, such as for lithium-ion batteries (single cell), are also possible. (See page 3.)

In addition, the use of an optional DC bias voltage adapter* makes it possible to apply a bias voltage of ± 40V to a sample enabling support for such measurements as the voltage dependence of high-capacity multi-layer ceramic capacitors.

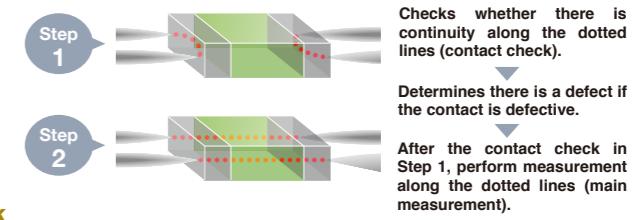
*Option

Enhanced features for production lines!

Contact check function

ZM2372 4 terminal contact check

In order to prevent measurement and selection errors due to poor contact between the measurement tip and components, ZM2372 performs a contact check measurement at four terminals to determine defects. This eliminates the output of defective products. (Additional time required for contact check: 4 ms)



ZM2376 Contact check and low capacitance check

Detects abnormally low capacitance, abnormal voltage and current, and can detect contact failures with little additional time.

Triggered synchronous drive

This function can be used to drive a sample for a period of time while contact is being made.

When performing measurements of large-capacity capacitors, it is possible to reduce the damage caused by the contact by removing the sample.

For samples with hysteresis characteristics, when measurements are performed in a short period of time, the measured values have larger fluctuations. By using triggered synchronous drive, the relationships between the time and the phase of the drive signal applied to each sample and the acquired signal are made constant. This suppresses deviations of the measured values and makes it possible to significantly reduce the measurement time.

Comparator

A maximum of 14* primary parameters can be classified in bins, and measurement results can be sorted on a set of upper and lower limits that have been set by secondary parameters. Sorting is possible by measured value, deviation or deviation %, and the comparator results can be output to the handler interface*. In addition, a beeper can be turned on depending on the comparator results.

Using the limit determination function with the remote control interface, is also possible to determine the upper and lower limits (for each one set) of the primary parameters and secondary parameters.

*ZM2371: 9 classifications max. Not equipped with handler interface.

Wide range of test signal and ALC functions

The measurement signal level can be set at a resolution of 3 digits to 10 mVrms to 5 Vrms, or 1 μArms to 200 mArms. In addition, by means of the automatic level control (ALC) functions, constant voltage and constant current mode can be set, making it possible to perform measurements with high reproducibility at a stable signal level that takes into account the voltage and current dependence of the sample.

High precision

With 0.08% basic accuracy, high-precision measurements with up to 6-digit resolution are achieved. Reliable measurements are essential for improving performance and quality, from the development of state-of-the-art devices to the component sorting on inspection lines.

DC resistance (DCR) measurement

It is possible to perform DC resistance measurements on the winding resistance of such equipment as coils or transformers.

The measured values of the inductance can be displayed in the primary parameters at the same time as the DC resistance in the secondary parameters.

Deviation display

When measuring a component, a preset value can be set and the deviation and the deviation % of the measured value compared with the preset can be displayed.

This can be useful for making acceptance judgments against standard component tolerance values as well as for temperature characteristic tests.

Multi-measurement ZM2376

Multi-measurement is a function used for overall acceptance judgments by performing up to 32 steps for each sample. Multiple measurement conditions can be set for each step such as measurement frequency, measurement signal level, internal DC bias, and measurement parameters.

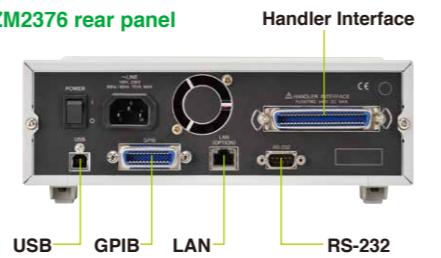
Measurements and limit determinations can be performed based on the set of upper and lower limits of the primary parameters and the set of upper and lower limits of the secondary parameters.

*This function available only on ZM2376.

■ Interfaces

Equipped with various standard interfaces for remote control. Integrates into production lines and automatic inspection systems without any additional options.

Interfaces	ZM2371	ZM2372	ZM2376
USB	○	○	○
RS-232	○	○	○
GPIB	-	○	○
LAN	-	-	○ (optional)
Handler	-	○	○



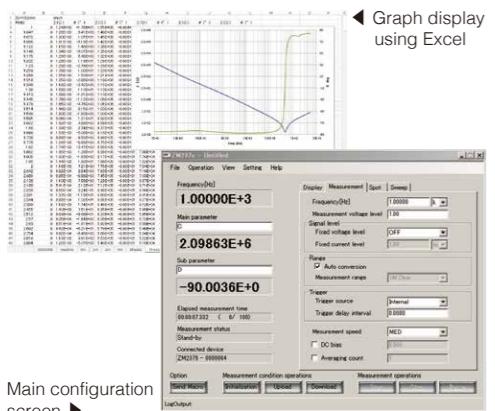
Other features

- Correction functions (Open correction, short correction, load correction, cable length correction)
- Setting and correction value memory (32 sets, switchable to be saved to non-volatile memory)
- Monitor display (voltage and current) • Discharge protection • Sample program (C#, VB.NET) included
- LabVIEW driver included (ZM2371 and ZM2372)
- IVI instrument drivers included (LabVIEW drivers automatically generated on the LabVIEW system) (ZM2376)

■ Application software (included as standard accessories)

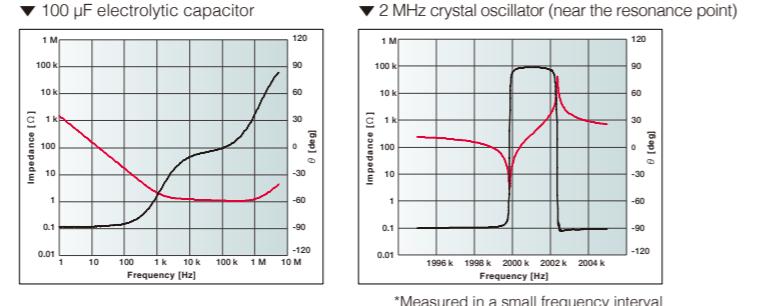
Software capable of setting various measurement conditions and acquiring and displaying measurement data is included. Measurement data can be acquired in CSV file format, making it convenient to process very large amounts of data for research and development. In addition, measurement of impedance frequency characteristics is supported by means of frequency sweep measurement.

Main operation screen



Main configuration screen ►

Measurement example



*Measured in a small frequency interval

Operating environment

- OS: Windows 10, Windows 8.1, Windows 7, (32-bit / 64-bit)
- Interface: USB

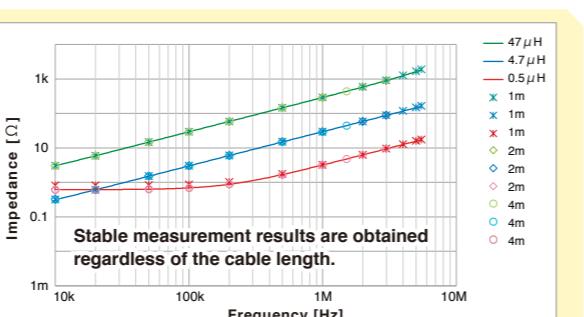
To be able to save settings and measurement data in XLS format, Microsoft Excel 97 or later is required.

For integrating into component production lines and automatic sorting devices.

With measurements at a maximum speed of 2 ms and with small deviation, correction functions to suppress the influence of the cable connecting to the sample, comparator and contact check * functions, as well as handler interfaces* for automatic sorting, this LCR meter supports a variety of line needs.

*ZM2371 is not equipped.

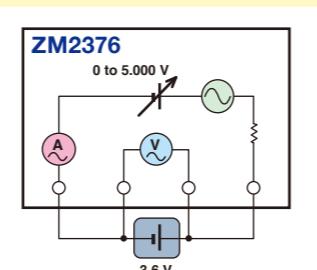
Inductor measurement example ►
(Cable length 1 m, 2 m, 4 m)



For high-speed impedance measurements of lithium-ion batteries.

The internal DC bias voltage of ZM2376 can be set up to +5 V, enabling electromotive force of more than 3 V to be measured in lithium-ion batteries (single cell).

In addition, since measurements can be performed from a low frequency of 1 mHz, a detailed assessment of the internal impedance of the battery is possible.



	ZM2371	ZM2372	ZM2376
Measurement parameters			
Primary parameters	Z , Y , L, C, R, G	For equivalent circuit of L, C, and R, Parallel / Series / Auto Selection are selectable.	
Secondary parameters		Q, D, θ, X, B, Rs, Rp, G, Lp, Rdc	
Auto parameter selection		Primary parameters (including equivalent circuit) and secondary parameters can be selected automatically.	
Measured value display range	*Actual measurement and display ranges of respective parameters are restricted by the measurement range or frequency.		
Z	0.000mΩ to 999.999MΩ		
R (R_{S}, R_{P}, R_{dc}), X	0Ω, ±(0.001mΩ to 999.999MΩ)		
Y	0.00nS to 9.99999KS		
G, B	0S, ±(0.01nS to 9.99999KS)		
C (C_P, C_S)	0F, ±(0.00001pF to 999.999pF)		
L (L_S, L_P)	0H, ±(0.001nH to 99.999GH)		
Q, D	0, ±(0.00001 to 9999.9)		
θ	±180.000deg		
Measurement conditions			
Measurement frequency	Setting range: 1mHz to 100kHz, Resolution 5 digits (1mHz when < 10Hz)	: Setting range: 1mHz to 5.5MHz, Resolution 6 digits (1mHz when < 100Hz)	
	Accuracy: ±0.01%		
Measurement signal level	Setting range: 10mVrms to 5.00Vrms, Resolution 3 digits (1mVrms when < 100mVrms). RMS values at open output. (ZM2376: Limited by frequency and DC bias.)	: Accuracy: ±(10%+5mV rms)	: Accuracy: ±(8%+5mV rms) ≤ 1MHz, ±(10%+5mV rms) > 1MHz
Constant voltage mode / Constant current mode (ALC)	Constant voltage mode / Constant current mode / Disabled		
Voltage setting range	10mVrms to 5.00Vrms, Resolution: 3 digits (< 100mVrms: 1mVrms)	Current setting range: 1μArms to 200mAmps, Resolution: 3 digits (< 10μArms: 0.1μArms)	
Output impedance	5Ω/25Ω/100Ω	Automatically selected according to the measurement range.	: 6Ω/25Ω/100Ω
Internal DC bias	Setting range: 0V to +2.50V, Resolution: 0.01V, Accuracy: ±(5%+3mV)	: Setting range: 0V to +5V, Resolution: 1mV, Limited by the signal level	
Trigger source	INT: Internal (automatic continuous trigger), MAN: Manual, EXT: Handler interface, BUS: Remote control		
Trigger delay time	Setting range: 0.000s to 999.999s, Resolution: 0.001s	: Setting range: 0.0000s to 999.999s, Resolution: 0.0001s	
(Time after input of trigger until start of signal acquisition)		(Time after input of trigger until start of signal acquisition)	
Triggered drive	Selectable: Drive only at measurement / Continuous drive		
Measurement speed	RAPID/FAST/MEDIUM/SLOW/VerySlow		
Measurement time (reference)	From trigger to end of measurement signal *1,*2		
Measurement range	8 ranges (1MΩ, 100kΩ, 10kΩ, 1kΩ, 100Ω, 10Ω, 1Ω, 100mΩ)		
Measurement range selection:	Auto/Manual		
Measurement accuracy			
Basic accuracy	0.08%	Refer to appendix (ZM2371/ZM2372: P.5, ZM2376: P.6)	
Other measurement related functions			
Correction function	Open, Short, Load and Cable Length		
Contact check	—	Detects a contact failure at four contact points	Detects of an abnormally low capacitance or abnormal voltage/current
Additional time 4ms (reference)			
Averaging	1 to 256 times		
Deviation measurement	Primary parameters/Secondary parameters: Deviation and deviation % from reference value can be displayed.		
Primary parameters: Max. 9 bins		Primary parameters: Max. 14 bins	
Original measured value / Deviation / Deviation % can be sorted.		Original measured value / Deviation / Deviation % can be sorted.	
Secondary parameters: Upper limit and lower limit comparison. Original measured value / Deviation / Deviation % can be sorted.			
Handler interface	—	Signal isolation: All I/O signals are optically isolated (withstand voltage ±42V) Input signal: Trigger, Key lock, Settings/correction value memory designation. Output signal: Comparison result BIN1 to BIN11, NC / BIN12, PHI / BIN13, PLO / BIN14, OUT OF BINS, S-NG, ERR, INDEX, EOM (when BIN10 - BIN14 are used, NC, PHI, and PLO cannot be used).	
Multi-measurement	—		Execute measurement and limit comparison under multiple conditions for the total comparison. Maximum number of steps: 32
Monitor display		Voltage value applied to the DUT and current value flowing in the DUT.	
Remote control interface			
USB		USBTMC, USB1.1 Full-speed	
RS-232		Data rate: 4800bps to 230400bps	
GPIB		Conforms to IEEE 488.1 and IEEE 488.2 Standards	
LAN (optional)		10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX	
General specifications			
Power supply	Voltage: AC 100V to 230V ±10%, but 250V or less Frequency: 50/60Hz, ±2Hz		
Power consumption: 70VA or less	Power consumption: 75VA or less	Power consumption: 75VA or less	
Overvoltage category II			
Environmental conditions	Operation: Temperature: 0 to +40°C. Humidity: 5 to 85%RH. (Absolute humidity 1 to 25g/m³, non-condensing.) Storage: Temperature: -10 to +50°C. Humidity: 5 to 95%RH. (Absolute humidity 1 to 29g/m³, non-condensing.) Pollution degree 2 (indoor use)		
Settings/correction value memory	32 sets. Settings and correction values can be saved and restore individually or together.		
Resume	Last setting and correction value are restore at power-on.		
External dimensions	260(W)×88(H)×220(D)mm (not including protuberances)		
Weight (without accessories)	Approx. 2.0kg	Approx. 2.1kg	Approx. 2.4kg
Accessories	Power code set (3 pole, 2m), Instruction manual, CD-ROM (application software, sample program), LabVIEW driver (ZM2371/ZM2372) IVI drivers (ZM2376).		

Measurement time (reference) ZM2371, ZM2372 *1: Appendix

Measurement frequency	RAP	FAST	MED	SLOW	VSLO
120 Hz	10 ms	10 ms	26 ms	126 ms	501 ms
1 kHz	2 ms	5 ms	25 ms	121 ms	501 ms
10 kHz	3 ms	5 ms	25 ms	122 ms	502 ms
100 kHz	3 ms	5 ms	25 ms	122 ms	502 ms

Measurement time (reference) ZM2376 *2: Appendix

Measurement frequency	RAP	FAST	MED	SLOW	VSLO
120 Hz	10 ms	10 ms	26 ms	126 ms	501 ms
1 kHz	2 ms	5 ms	25 ms	121 ms	501 ms
10 kHz	2 ms	5 ms	25 ms	121 ms	501 ms
100 kHz	2 ms	5 ms	25 ms	121 ms	501 ms
1 MHz	2 ms	5 ms	25 ms	121 ms	501 ms

Measurement accuracy ZM2371/ZM2372

● Impedance measurement accuracy

Zr: Measurement range (100mΩ to 1MΩ)

Zx: Measured value of impedance magnitude |Z|.

With the above definitions, the impedance measurement accuracy is obtained as follows:

Accuracy of impedance magnitude $|Z| \pm Az [\%]$

$$Az = (A + B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times V \times Kt + Kb \times U$$

Accuracy of phase angle θ of impedance $\pm Pz [^\circ]$ $Pz = 0.573 \times Az$

* The measurement accuracy when Az exceeds 10 [%] is a reference.

* The measurement accuracy for the measured value smaller than half the lower limit of each recommended measurement range or larger than twice the upper limit is a reference.

Each parameter value in the expression is listed below.

● U: Ratio coefficient

Zx	U
>100Ω	Zx/Zr (1 when Zx/Zr < 1)
≤100Ω	Zr/Zx (1 when Zr/Zx < 1)

* Each values in column "Left side" is FAST Mode, "Right side" is MED/SLOW/VSLO Mode.

• At RAP Mode: Measurement frequency $\leq 250\text{Hz}$: Use FAST value, $> 250\text{Hz}$: Multiply FAST value by 1.3.

● V: Signal level coefficient

Measurement signal level [Vrms]	V(Zr=1MΩ, 100kΩ (>20kHz))	V(Zr=100kΩ (≤20kHz), 10kΩ, 1kΩ, 100Ω)	V(Zr=10Ω, 1Ω)	V(Zr=100mΩ)
2-Level≤5	1.3 1.3 1.3	1.3 1.3 1.3	1.3 1.3 1.3	3 2 1.3
1-Level≤2	1.2 1.2 1.2	1.2 1.2 1.2	1.2 1.2 1.2	1.8 1.5 1.2
1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1
0.5-Level≤1	1.4 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.2 1.2	1.5 1.5 1.2	2.5 2 1.2
0.2-Level≤0.5	1.4 1.3 1.3	1.4 1.3 1.3	2.5 2.2 1.3	3 3 1.3
0.1-Level≤0.2	2.2 2.2 1.4	1.4 1.4 1.4	3.5 3.5 1.4	x(0.5Vrms/ Measurement signal level [Vrms])
0.05-Level≤0.1	2.5 2.5 1.6	1.8 1.6 1.6	x(0.2Vrms/ Measurement signal level [Vrms])	4 2.8 2
0.02-Level≤0.05	8 5 3			
0.01-Level≤0.02				

Three coefficients in each column are applied to the measurement speeds RAP, FAST, MED from the left in order. The coefficient for measurement speeds SLOW and VSLO is same as MED.

For FAST, the coefficient of MED is applied when measurement frequency $\leq 40\text{Hz}$.

For RAP, the coefficient of FAST when measurement frequency $\leq 250\text{Hz}$, or that of MED when measurement frequency $\leq 40\text{Hz}$ is applied.

The coefficient varies depending on the frequency when measurement range Zr = 100kΩ.

At all times, V = 1 for the direct-current resistance Rdc.

Measurement frequency Hz										
Measurement range Zr	0 (DC)		99.99 1m	999.99 100	1k	1.9884k 1.0001k	10k 1.9885k	20k 10.001k	50k 20.001k	100k 50.001k
	Frequency	Amplitude	Frequency	Amplitude	Frequency	Amplitude	Frequency	Amplitude	Frequency	Amplitude
1 MΩ	0.14 0.02	0.14 0.02	0.50 0.30	0.50 0.30	0.15 0.025	0.15 0.025	0.12 0.03	0.10 0.03	0.15 0.03	0.25 0.03
100kΩ	0.12 0.01	0.12 0.01	0.25 0.04	0.25 0.04	0.15 0.02	0.15 0.02	0.09 0.01	0.10 0.015	0.20 0.025	0.25 0.03
10kΩ	0.09 0.01	0.09 0.01	0.20 0.03	0.20 0.03	0.15 0.02	0.15 0.02	0.08 0.01	0.07 0.015	0.20 0.02	0.25 0.03
1kΩ	0.09 0.01	0.09 0.01	0.20 0.03	0.20 0.03	0.15 0.02	0.15 0.02	0.08 0.01	0.09 0.015	0.20 0.02	0.25 0.03
100Ω	0.09 0.01	0.09 0.01	0.20 0.03	0.20 0.03	0.15 0.02	0.15 0.02	0.08 0.01	0.09 0.015	0.20 0.02	0.25 0.03
10Ω	0.12 0.02	0.12 0.02	0.25 0.03	0.25 0.03	0.17 0.02	0.17 0.02	0.13 0.01	0.12 0.015	0.20 0.02	0.45 0.05
1Ω	0.14 0.05	0.14 0.05	0.40 0.06	0.40 0.06	0.30 0.02	0.30 0.02	0.22 0.02	0.25 0.02	0.35 0.03	0.60 0.08
100mΩ	0.14 0.30	0.14 0.30	0.60 0.40	0.60 0.40	0.30 0.15	0.30 0.10	0.30 0.06	0.40 0.06	0.80 0.10	0.90 0.10

The measurement range "—" is not used.

● KB: DC bias coefficient

Internal DC bias	Measurement range Zr	Kb[%]
Disabled	Frequency≤1kHz	(0.003+Kc)/Zx[Ω]
	1kHz<Frequency≤10kHz	(0.005+Kc)/Zx[Ω]
	Frequency>10kHz	0
Enabled*	1MΩ	0.005
	100kΩ	0.002
	100Ω, 1kΩ, 10kΩ	0.001
	10Ω	0.01
	100mΩ, 1Ω	0.05

*: When open compensation and short compensation are performed at the conditions of internal DC bias enabled and the bias voltage 0V.

At all times, KB=0 for the direct-current resistance Rdc.

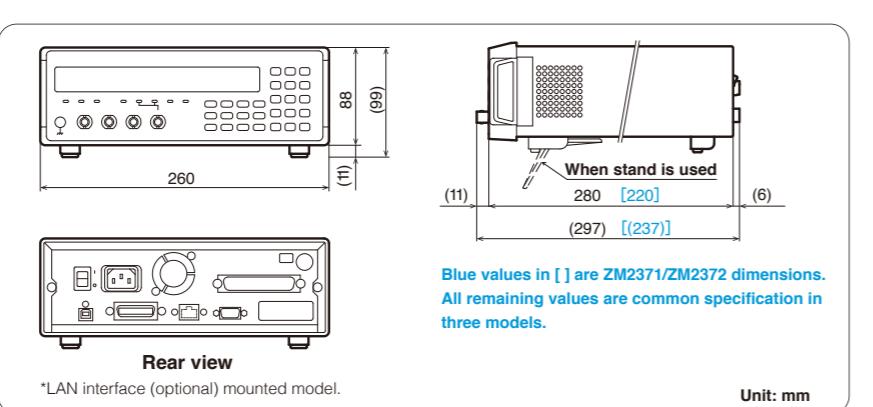
● KT: Temperature-dependent coefficient

Ambient temperature (T°C)	KT
0 to +18	1+0.1×(18-T)
+18 to +28	1
+28 to +40	1+0.1×(T-28)

● Ky: Residual admittance coefficient

Frequency range	Ky [%]
DC, frequency≤120Hz	Zx[Ω]/(3×10 ⁸)
120Hz<frequency≤100kHz	Zx[Ω]×frequency[kHz]/(3×10 ⁷)

External Dimensions ZM2376



*LAN interface (optional) mounted model.

Measurement range ZM2376

● Impedance measurement accuracy

Zr: Measurement range (100mΩ to 1MΩ)

Zx: Measured value of impedance magnitude |Z|.

With the above definitions, the impedance measurement accuracy is obtained as follows:
Accuracy of impedance magnitude $|Z| \pm Az [\%]$

$$Az = (A + B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times Kt + (Kv + Kb) \times U$$

$$Signal level ≤ 1V \quad Az = (A + B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times Kt + (Kv + Kb) \times U$$

$$Signal level > 1V \quad Az = (A + B \times U + Kz + Ky) \times Kt + Kv + Kb \times U$$

Accuracy of phase angle θ of impedance $\pm Pz [^\circ]$ $Pz = 0.573 \times Az$

* If the measureable range for the 10Ω range becomes unlimited depending on the minimum output impedance setting, the following values should be used.

Zx	U
>100Ω	Zx/Zr (1 when Zx/Zr < 1)
≤100Ω	Zr/Zx (1 when Zr/Zx < 1)

● A (upper row): Basic coefficient [%]
B (lower row): Proportional coefficient [%]

[For the measurement speeds, MED, SLOW, and VSLO, the coefficient is as shown in the table below.]

[For the measurement speeds, RAP and FAST, the coefficient is 1.1 times of the value shown below.]

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Test fixture test leads

Accurate and easy-to-perform measurements

General-purpose components

Test leads provide 4-terminal measurements. Accurate measurement is possible to low impedance. Kelvin clip leads enable one clip to be used for two electrically insulated opposing electrodes.



4 terminal alligator clip test leads: ZM2324

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 100 kHz



Kelvin clip test leads 2325AL, 2325AM

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 100 kHz



Kelvin clip test leads: ZM2392

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 20 kHz

2-lead terminal connection with a lead shield suitable for high-impedance measurements.



3-terminal alligator clip test leads: ZM2391

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 20 kHz

Chip components

Test fixture for measuring surface-mounted components with a 2-terminal connection. Since a cable is not used, stray capacitance and residual impedance are small, enabling accurate open and short correction.



Chip test fixture ZM2394

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 2 MHz
- Supported component size: 0603 (0.3mm thick) to 14 mm (square)



Chip test fixture ZM2394H

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 30 MHz
- Supported component size: 0603 (0.3mm thick) to 14 mm (square)



Chip test fixture ZM2393

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 1.2 MHz
- Supported component size: 1608 to 5750

Lead components

Test fixture that makes 4-terminal measurements as easy as inserting the leads into the sample.

To match the size of the components, the spacing of the measurement terminals can be adjusted.



Test fixture ZM2363

- Measurement frequency: ≤ 10 MHz

Adapter

DC bias voltage adapter

Adapter for applying a DC bias voltage of ± 40 V to the sample. This adapter provides easy connection to the LCR meter and test fixture. (4-terminal pair configuration)



**ZM2329
(For ZM2376)**



**ZM2328
(For ZM2371 and ZM2372)**

Ordering information

	Product Name	Model name	Overview	Accessories
Main unit	LCR Meter	ZM2371	1 mHz to 100 kHz	Instruction manual, CD (application software, LabVIEW driver), power cord set (3-pole, 2 m)
	LCR Meter	ZM2372	1 mHz to 5.5 MHz	Instruction manual, CD (application software, IVI drivers), power cord set (3-pole, 2 m)
	LCR meter	ZM2376	1 mHz to 100 kHz	—
Option	LAN interface	PA-001-2131	For ZM2376 (optional order)	—

*Note: The contents of this catalog are current as of July 4, 2019

• Products appearance and specificaitons are subject to change without notice.

• Before purchase contact us to confirm the latest specifications, price and delivery date.